BMP #29 - Temporary Swale

Targeted Pollutants Sediment Phosphorus Trace metals Bacteria Petroleum hydrocarbons

Physical Limits

Drainage area 10

Max slope 14 %

Min bedrock depth 5 ft

Min water table 3 ft

SCS soil type BCD

Freeze/Thaw fair

Drainage/Flood control yes

DESCRIPTION

A temporary excavated drainage way designed to prevent runoff from entering disturbed areas by intercepting and diverting it to a stabilized outlet. Another purpose of a temporary swale is to intercept sediment laden-water and divert it to a sediment trapping device.

APPLICATIONS

Temporary Swales are constructed:

- To divert flows from a disturbed area
- Intermediately across disturbed areas to shorten overland flow distance.
- To direct sediment laden water along the base of slopes to a trapping device.
- To transport offsite flows across disturbed areas such as rights-of-way

Swales collecting runoff from disturbed areas shall remain in place until the disturbed areas are permanently stabilized.

DESIGN PARAMETERS

Design Criteria. The following design criteria should be met, depending on the drainage area served by the swale:

Swale A Swale B

Drainage Area 5 ac or less 5-10 ac

Bottom Width of Flow Channel 4 feet 6 feet

Depth of Flow Channel 1 foot 1 foot

Side Slopes 2:1 or flatter 2:1 or flatter

Grade 0.5% min, 0.5% min,

20% max 20% max

Outlet.

• The temporary swale shall be designed with an outlet that functions with a minimum of erosion, and dissipates runoff velocity prior to discharge off the site.

- Runoff shall be conveyed to a sediment trapping device such as a sediment trap or sediment basin until the drainage area above the swale is adequately stabilized.
- The on-site location may need to be adjusted to meet field conditions in order to utilize the most suitable outlet condition
- If a swale is used to divert flows from entering a disturbed area, a sediment trapping device may not be needed.

CONSTRUCTION GUIDELINES

Stabilization of the swale shall be completed within 10 days of installation with proper seeding or mulching techniques (see BMP #35-Seeding or BMP #11-Mulching). The flow channel shall be stabilized according to the following criteria:

Type of treatment	Channel grade	Flow Channel A	Flow Channel B
	(percent)	(less than 5 acres)	(5-10 acres)
1	0.5-3.0	Seed and Straw Mulch	Seed and Straw Mulch
2	3.1-5.0	Seed and Straw Mulch	Seed and cover with Jute or Excelsior; Sod, or line with 2" stone
3	5.1-8.0	Seed and cover with Jute or Excelsior; Sod, or line with 2" stone	Line with 4-8"stone or Recycled Concrete Equivalent ^a
4	9.1-20	Line with 4-8"stone or Recycled Concrete Equivalent ^a	Engineering Design

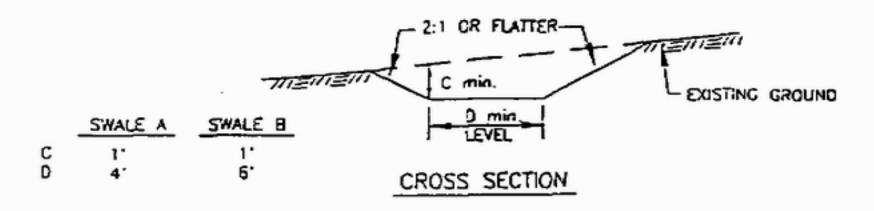
a Recycled Concrete Equivalent shall be concrete broken into the required size, and shall contain no steel reinforcement.

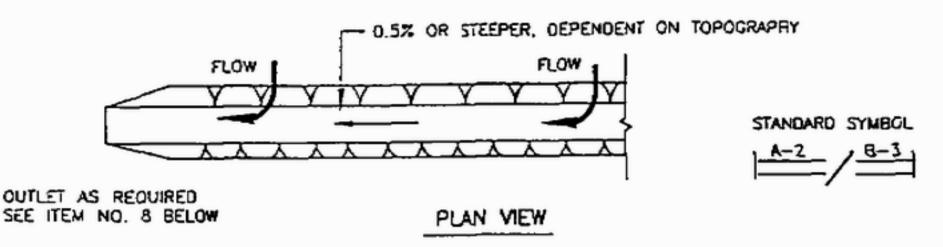
In highly erodible soils, as defined by the Soil Survey (NRCS/SCS) of the project's county, refer to the next higher slope grade for type of stabilization.

Also see BMP #38 - Vegetated Swale, for additional construction guidelines for swales.

MAINTENANCE

See BMP #38 - Vegetated Swale.





CONSTRUCTION SPECIFICATIONS

- 1 ALL TEMPORARY SWALES SHALL HAVE UNINTERRUPTED POSITIVE GRADE TO AN OUTLET.
- 2 DIVERTED RUNOFF FROM A DISTURBED AREA SHALL BE CONVEYED TO A SEDIMENT TRAPPING DEVICE.
- 3 DIVERTED RUNOFF FROM AN UNDISTURBED AREA SHALL OUTLET DIRECTLY INTO AN UNDISTURBED STABILIZED AREA AT NON-EROSIVE VELOCITY.
- 4 ALL TREES, BRUSH, STUMPS, OBSTRUCTIONS AND OTHER OBJECTIONABLE MATERIAL SHALL BE REMOVED AND DISPOSED OF SO AS NOT TO INTERFERE WITH THE PROPER FUNCTIONING OF THE SWALE.
- 5 THE SWALE SHALL BE EXCAVATED OR SHAPED TO LINE, GRADE AND CROSS SECTION AS REQUIRED TO MEET THE CRITERIA SPECIFIED HEREIN AND BE FREE OF BANK PROJECTIONS OR OTHER IRREGULARITIES WHICH WILL IMPEDE NORMAL FLOW.
- 6 FILLS SHALL BE COMPACTED BY EARTH MOVING EQUIPMENT.
- 7 ALL EARTH REMOVED AND NOT NEEDED ON CONSTRUCTION SHALL BE PLACED SO THAT IT WILL NOT INTERFERE WITH THE FUNCTIONING OF THE SWALE.
- 8 STABILIZATION SHALL BE AS PER THE CHART BELOW.

FLOW CHANNEL STABILIZATION

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	E OF ATMENT	GRADE_	A (5 AC OR LESS)	8 (5 AC-10 AC)
	1	0.5-3.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED AND STRAW MULCH
	2	3.1-5.0%	SEED AND STRAW MULCH	SEED USING JUTE OR EXCELSIOR
	3	5.1-8.0%	SEED WITH JUTE OR EXCELSION; SOD	LINED RIP-RAP 4'-8" RECYCLED CONCRETE EQUIVALENT
	4	8.1-20%	LINED 4"-8" RIP-RAP	ENGINEERED DESIGNED
9	PERIODIC	INSPECTION AND	REQUIRED MAINTENANCE MUST	BE PROVIDED AFTER EACH RAIN EVENT.

U.S. DEPARTMENT OF AGRICULTURE SOIL CONSERVATION SERVICE

TEMPORARY SWALE

STANDARD DRAWING

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TOOTHMAN-ORTON ENGINEERING COMANY SOISE, IDAHO MCCALL, IDAHO